

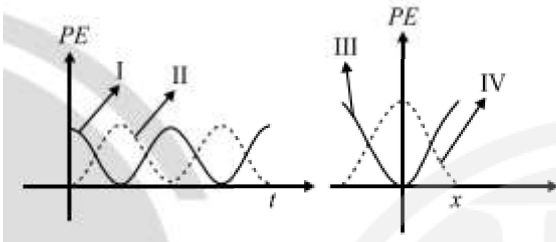
# Prayas JEE (2025)

## Physics

### Oscillations

**DPP: 6**

- Q1** For a particle executing S.H.M. the displacement  $x$  is given by  $A \cos \omega t$ . Identify the graph which represents the variation of potential energy (P.E.) as a function of time  $t$  and displacement  $x$ .



- (A) I, III  
(B) II, IV  
(C) II, III  
(D) I, IV
- Q2** A spring of force constant  $k$  is cut into lengths of ratio  $1 : 2 : 3$ . They are connected in series and the new force constant is  $k'$ . Then they are connected in parallel and force constant is  $k''$ . Then  $k' : k''$  is
- (A)  $1 : 9$   
(B)  $1 : 11$   
(C)  $1 : 14$   
(D)  $1 : 6$
- Q3** A particle executes linear simple harmonic motion with an amplitude of  $3 \text{ cm}$ . When the particle is at  $2 \text{ cm}$  from the mean position, the magnitude of its velocity is equal to that of its acceleration. Then its time period in seconds is
- (A)  $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2\pi}$   
(B)  $\frac{4\pi}{\sqrt{5}}$   
(C)  $\frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{3}}$   
(D)  $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\pi}$
- Q4** A particle of mass  $m$  oscillates along  $x$ -axis according to equation  $x = a \sin \omega t$ . The nature

of the graph between momentum and displacement of the particle is

- (A) Circle  
(B) Hyperbola  
(C) Ellipse  
(D) Straight line passing through origin

- Q5** The period of oscillation of a mass  $M$  suspended from a spring of negligible mass is  $T$ . If along with it another mass  $M$  is also suspended, the period of oscillation will now be

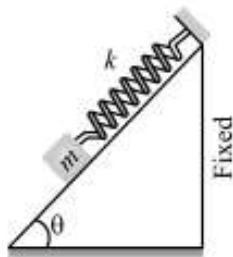
- (A)  $T$   
(B)  $\frac{T}{\sqrt{2}}$   
(C)  $2T$   
(D)  $\sqrt{2}T$

- Q6** A mass  $M$  is suspended from a massless spring. An additional mass  $m$  stretches the spring further by a distance  $x$ . The combined mass will oscillate with a period

- (A)  $2\pi \sqrt{\left\{ \frac{(M+m)x}{mg} \right\}}$   
(B)  $2\pi \sqrt{\left\{ \frac{mg}{(M+m)x} \right\}}$   
(C)  $2\pi \sqrt{\left\{ \frac{(M+m)}{mgx} \right\}}$   
(D)  $\frac{\pi}{2} \sqrt{\left\{ \frac{mg}{(M+m)x} \right\}}$

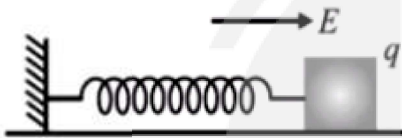
- Q7** In the figure shown the time period and the amplitude respectively, when  $m$  is left from rest when spring is relaxed are (the inclined plane is smooth)


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- (A)  $2\pi\sqrt{\frac{m}{k}}, \frac{mg \sin \theta}{k}$   
 (B)  $2\pi\sqrt{\frac{m \sin \theta}{k}}, \frac{2mg \sin \theta}{k}$   
 (C)  $2\pi\sqrt{\frac{m}{k}}, \frac{mg \cos \theta}{k}$   
 (D) None of these

- Q8** A spring-block system shown in figure oscillates with a certain time period. If charge  $q$  is given to the block and a uniform field  $E$  is switched on, then its time period of oscillation



- (A) Increases  
 (B) Decreases  
 (C) May increase or decrease  
 (D) Remains the same
- Q9** A particle is executing linear S.H.M. between  $[x = -A \text{ to } x = A]$ . The time taken to go from  $0$  to  $A/2$  is  $T_1$  and to go from  $A/2$  to  $A$  is  $T_2$ , then
- (A)  $T_1 < T_2$   
 (B)  $T_1 > T_2$   
 (C)  $T_1 = T_2$   
 (D)  $T_1 = 2T_2$



## Answer Key

Q1 (A)  
Q2 (B)  
Q3 (B)  
Q4 (C)  
Q5 (D)

Q6 (A)  
Q7 (A)  
Q8 (D)  
Q9 (A)



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