

PRAYAS

JEE 2025

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Lecture - 01

Physics

Work, Energy & Power

By- Saleem Ahmed Sir





Topics *to be covered*

1 *(WD) by const force*

2

3

4

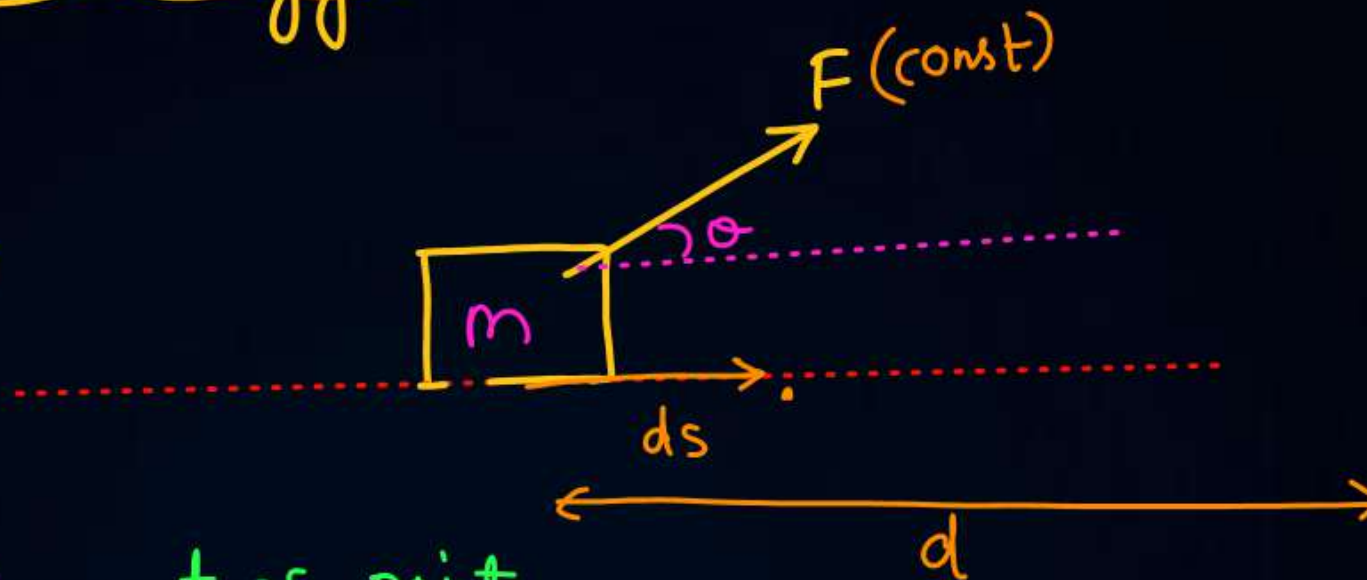
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Work Power Energy

$f \rightarrow$ constant force (let)

$$(WD)_{\text{by force } F} = dF = \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{s}$$



$$\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} = AB \cos \theta$$

displacement of point
of application of force

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$$\int dw = \int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{s}$$

$$(WD) = \vec{F} \cdot \int d\vec{s} \Rightarrow (WD)_{\text{by const force } F} = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{d} = \underbrace{F}_{\text{(magnitude)}} \underbrace{d \cos \theta}_{\text{(displacement)}} = \underline{F \cos \theta \cdot d} = \text{(force)} \times \text{(displacement)}$$

→ angle b/w force & displacement

$$(\text{magnitude}) = (\text{force}) \times (\text{component of displacement in the dir}^n \text{ of force})$$

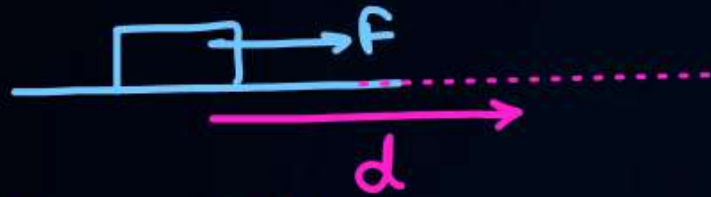
$$(F \cos \theta) d = \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{magnitude of} \\ \text{component of force} \\ \text{in the dir}^n \text{ of displacement} \end{array} \right) \times \text{Displacement}$$



$$(WD)_{\text{by const force}} = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{d} = Fd \cos \theta$$

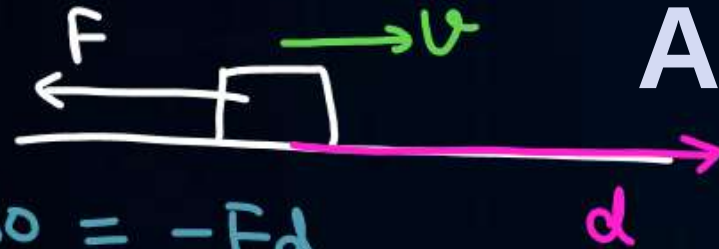
↳ Displacement
of point of
application of
force

① if $\theta = 0$



$$(WD)_F = Fd \cos 0 = +Fd$$

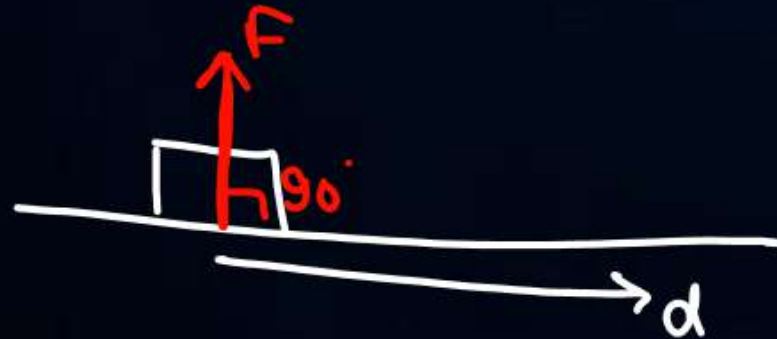
② If $\theta = 180^\circ$



$$(WD)_F = Fd \cos 180 = -Fd$$

③ $\theta = 90^\circ$

$$(WD)_F = 0$$



if force is variable

$$dw = \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{s}$$

$$\int dw = (WD) = \int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{s}$$

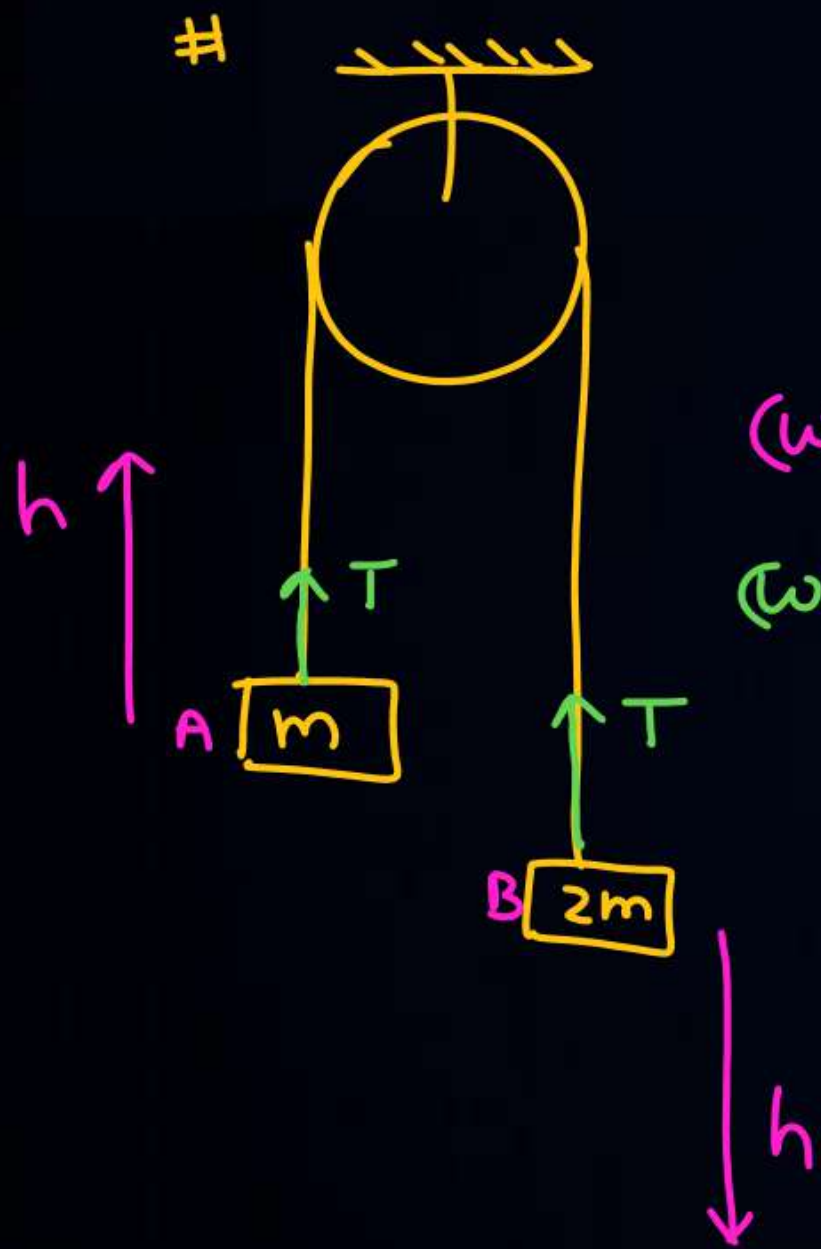
$$(WD)_{\text{by const force}} = Fd \cos \theta$$

$$\theta < 90 \Rightarrow (WD)_F > 0$$

$$\theta = 90 \Rightarrow (WD)_F = 0$$

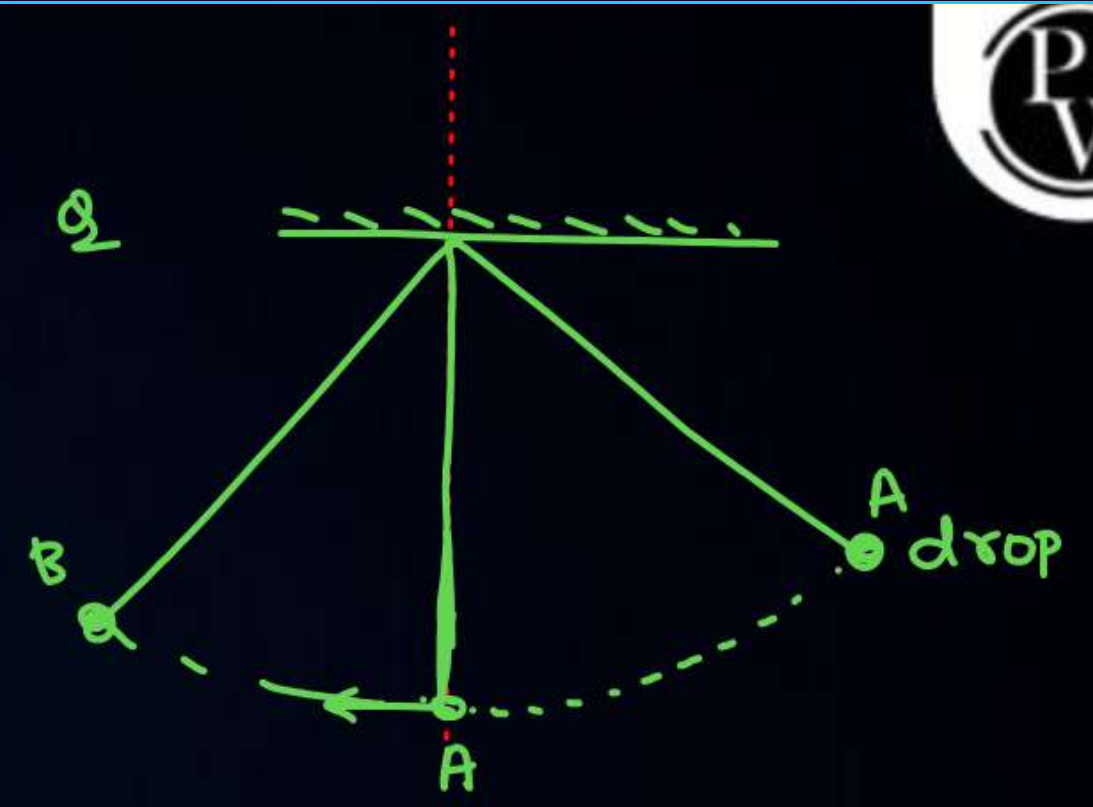
$$180 > \theta > 90 \Rightarrow (WD)_F < 0$$

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- $(WD)_T \text{ on 'A'} \longrightarrow +ve$
- $(WD)_T \text{ on 'B'} \longrightarrow -ve$
- $(WD)_{\text{gravity on A}} \longrightarrow -ve$
- $(WD)_{\text{by gravity on B}} \longrightarrow +ve.$

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- $(O \rightarrow A) \Rightarrow (WD)_{\text{by air resistance}} \equiv -ve$
- $(A \rightarrow B) \Rightarrow \text{ " " } -ve$

Q

$f = 50$
Rest
 N
 10kg
 f
 $\mu = 0.5$
 mg
 $F = 80\text{N}$
 10m
 V_f

a
 m
 F
 f
 $F_{\text{net}} = 80 - 50 = 30$

① $(W_D)_{\text{by force } F} = +F \cdot d = 80 \times 10 = +800$

② $(W_D)_{\text{by friction}} = -f \cdot d = -50 \times 10 = -500$

③ $(W_D)_{\text{gravity}} = (W_D)_{mg} = 0, (\theta = 90^\circ)$

④ $(W_D)_{\text{normal}} = 0$

⑤ $(W_D)_{\text{by all the force}} = W_g + W_N + W_F + W_f$
 $= 0 + 0 + 800 - 500$
 $= 300$

⑥ $(W_D)_{\text{by net force}} = +30 \times 10 = 300$

Work Energy theorem = $(W_D)_{\text{by all force}} = \Delta K.E.$

$K_f = 300 = \frac{1}{2} m V^2$
 $300 = \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times V^2$
 $V = \sqrt{60}$

$300 = K_f - K_i$
 $\downarrow$
 0

$a = \frac{F - f}{m} = \frac{80 - 50}{10}$

$a = 3$

$V_f^2 = u^2 + 2as = 0 + 2 \times 3 \times 10$

$V_f = \sqrt{60}$

a
 F
 f
 10m

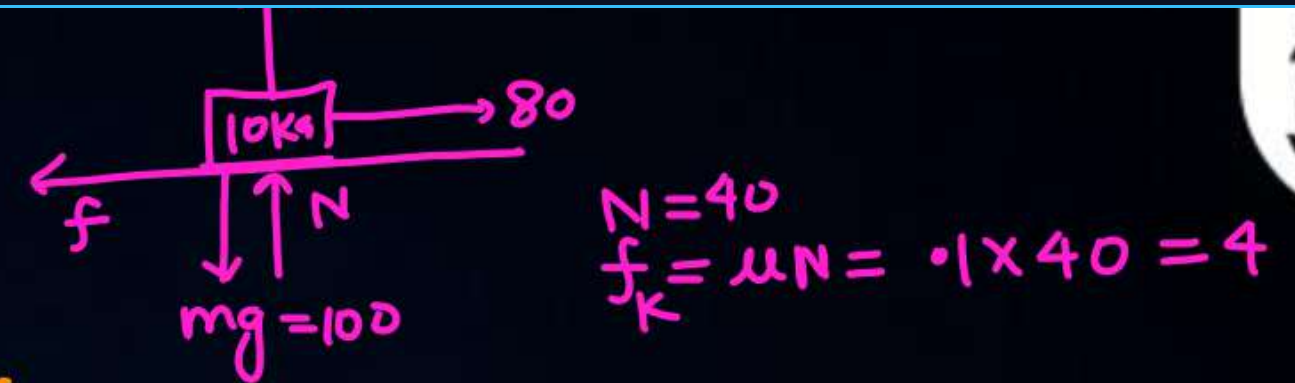


* Work Energy theorem

$$(W_D)_{\text{by all the force}} = \text{Change in K.E.} \\ = K_f - K_i$$

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$$\textcircled{1} (WD)_F = Fd \cos 37^\circ = 100 \times 10 \times \frac{4}{5} = 800$$

$$= +80 \times 10$$

$$\textcircled{2} (WD)_f = -4 \times 10 = -40$$

$$\textcircled{3} (WD)_N = 0$$

$$\textcircled{4} (WD)_g = 0$$

$$\textcircled{5} (WD)_{\text{by all the force}} = 800 - 40 + 0 + 0$$

$$= 760 = \frac{1}{2} m v_f^2$$

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$$a = \frac{80 - 4}{10} = 7.6$$

$$v^2 = 0^2 + 2 \times 7.6 \times 10$$

$$v = \sqrt{152}$$

$$760 = \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times v_f^2$$

$$v_f = \sqrt{152}$$



SKC

- * internal forces (WD) तो कर सकते हैं but acc नहीं दे सकते
- * ऐसा भी possible है $\Rightarrow$ कोई force acc तो दे रहा है But
उसका $WD = 0$ है
- * acc हमेशा external force होगी

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Home Work

— Complete your Backlog if any.

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THANK YOU

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